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### Student's Book & Workbook





### Contents

	Modules	Grammar	Vocabulary	
1	Home and away pp. 5-16 Language Review 1 p. 17 Revision 1 p. 18	<ul> <li>prepositions of movement</li> <li>comparisons</li> <li>modals (can/can't, could, have to/don't have to, must/must not)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>adjectives to describe city/country</li> <li>features of a town/city</li> <li>types of housing</li> <li>modes of transportation</li> <li>dangers in the countryside</li> <li>home &amp; chores</li> <li>public services &amp; facilities</li> </ul>	
2	<b>Come rain or</b> <b>shine</b> pp. 19-30 Language Review 2 p. 31 Revision 2 p. 32	<ul> <li>present progressive</li> <li>simple present vs present progressive</li> <li>can/can't; must/mustn't</li> <li>object pronouns</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>the weather; seasons; seasonal activities</li> <li>clothes; accessories; footwear</li> <li>malls; places in a mall</li> <li>food; drinks</li> <li>market products</li> <li>festivals &amp; celebrations</li> <li>types of climate</li> </ul>	
3	<b>Life in the past</b> pp. 33-44 Language Review 3 p. 45 Revision 3 p. 46	<ul> <li>was/were</li> <li>had</li> <li>could</li> <li>simple past (regular/irregular verbs)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>places in a town</li> <li>activities</li> <li>lifestyles</li> <li>childhood memories</li> <li>structures &amp; buildings; adjectives describing buildings</li> <li>types of movies, feelings</li> <li>positive/negative adjectives</li> <li>lifestyles in the past</li> </ul>	
	Workbook pp. 47-62	Word	List pp. 69-73	

Workbook pp. 47-62 Grammar Reference pp. 63-68 Word List pp. 69-73 Rules for Punctuation p. 74

Reading & Listening	Speaking & Functions	Writing	Culture/ Cross-curricular
<ul> <li>Police, Camera, Action (T/F statements)</li> <li>e-mails about different types of houses (comprehension questions)</li> <li>The Florida Everglades: Surviving the Swamp (open-ended sentences)</li> <li>listening for specific information</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>compare places</li> <li>buy a ticket</li> <li>ask for/give advice</li> <li>make requests in the home</li> <li>Pronunciation: /s/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, /tʃ/</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>describe something happening</li> <li>an informal e-mail about your house</li> <li>sentences about a journey in your country</li> <li>a list of survival tips in the jungle</li> <li>an e-mail giving advice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pacific Coast Highway 1 (T/F/DS statements)</li> <li>(Citizenship) Are you a good citizen? (quiz)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A visit to Puebla (T/F/DS statements)</li> <li>a dialogue (buying a present)</li> <li>a dialogue (buying drinks &amp; snacks)</li> <li>postcards from market places (multiple matching); listening for specific information</li> <li>an ad for a festival (blank filling)</li> <li>a postcard about Jaipur (comprehension questions)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>describing a place</li> <li>describing activities happening now</li> <li>buying food/drinks at a snack bar</li> <li>making suggestions</li> <li>describing photographs</li> <li>describing characteristics of different types of climate</li> <li>Pronunciation: <i>-ing</i> ending; /ai/, /ei/</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a postcard from Puebla saying what you are doing now</li> <li>a short text describing what is happening in photographs</li> <li>a postcard from a festival;</li> <li>a short text about different types of climate</li> <li>Skills: informal style; opening/ closing remarks in informal emails</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The Mall of America (complete a graphic organizer)</li> <li>(Geography) Tundra Climate – Hot Desert Climate (multiple matching)</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Pompeii (reading for specific information)</li> <li>Ancient Egyptians (T/F statements)</li> <li>a dialogue (childhood memories)</li> <li>Machu Picchu (matching headings to paragraphs)</li> <li>listening: favorite movies (multiple matching)</li> <li>Avatar (an email)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>describing Pompeii</li> <li>describing childhood memories</li> <li>describing a lost city</li> <li>talking about movies; expressing feelings</li> <li>recommending a movie</li> <li>Pronunciation: -ed ending; minimal pairs /æ/-/ɑː/, /i/-/iː/, /ɒ/-/ɔː/</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>sentences about Pompeii before the eruption</li> <li>a quiz (T/F statements)</li> <li>sentences about what Machu Picchu was like</li> <li>an informal email describing a movie you saw</li> <li>Skills: recommending</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Life in the USA: The Groovy 1960s (complete sentences)</li> <li>(History) Native Americans (multiple matching)</li> </ul>

American English-British English Guide p. 75 Pronunciation p. 76 Irregular Verbs p. 77

**Vocabulary:** adjectives describing places; features of a town/city; public transportation; dangers in the countryside; homes; household chores; public services & facilities

Grammar: prepositions of movement; comparative – superlative; modals (can – can't – could – have to – must – must not; should) Everyday English: buying a ticket Pronunciation: /s/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, /tʃ/ Writing: an informal e-mail of advice Culture: Pacific Coast Highway 1 Cross-Curricular (Citizenship): Are you a good citizen?

### **Vocabulary** Adjectives

- **1**  $\bigcirc$  Listen and say.
  - 1 busy ≠ quiet (place, streets)
  - 2 exciting ≠ boring (nightlife)
  - **3** safe ≠ dangerous (place)
  - 4 clean ≠ dirty (beaches/place)
  - 5 ugly ≠ beautiful (city/town/hotels/parks/buildings)
  - 6 modern ≠ historical (city/town/buildings)
  - 7 cheap ≠ expensive (shops/hotels/restaurants)

### 2 Use the adjectives above to describe the places 1-5.

Rio de Janeiro is in Brazil. I think Rio de Janeiro is a modern city. It has clean beaches and exciting nightlife.

3

ings)

Montreal, Canada

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

# Module Home and away

### Over to you!

I live in ..... It has ..... and .....

Acapulco, Mexico

Mykonos, Greece

Edinburgh, Scotland



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POLIC

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In my local area there are traffic lights, but there isn't a crosswalk.

### Listening & Reading

- 2 Read the title of the text and look at the pictures. What do you think is happening? ↓ Listen and read to find out.
- **3** Read the text and mark the statements 1-6 as *T* (true) or *F* (false). Correct the false statements.
  - 1 The show features real police officers.
  - 2 All the video footage is from helicopters.
  - **3** *Police, Camera, Action!* shows lots of different crimes.
  - 4 The suspect doesn't injure any pedestrians.
  - 5 The suspect goes under the bridge. .....
  - 6 The patrol car follows the suspect through the tunnel.



*Police, Camera, Action!* is a popular TV series of reallife police videos. It is part-documentary and partreality show. It features video footage from cameras in police cars, helicopters, and sometimes from handheld cameras, too. It focuses on road crime and bad driving. Each episode has a catchy title and the narrator really draws the viewer into the action. A typical voice-over would go something like this:

"As we join the scene from the air, the 'eye-in-the-sky' can see the suspect is driving his motorcycle very fast through the town. He's driving on the sidewalk and on the road. There he's going across a crosswalk. Luckily, there aren't many pedestrians around or else lots of people could be injured. Now he's going toward the traffic lights – no wait – he's doing a U-turn into oncoming traffic. That is so dangerous! Look at him now! He's going along the bus lane and up the hill. I hope no one is on the other side or they'll be shocked. Now where is he? There he is! I don't believe it! He's going under the bridge just as the patrol car is going over the bridge. They just missed him. He's going along the bike lane toward the tunnel. Now he's going into the tunnel, The officers on the ground are speeding over

the railroad crossing to cut him off at the end of the tunnel. This is so exciting! Yes! It's all over. They got him!"

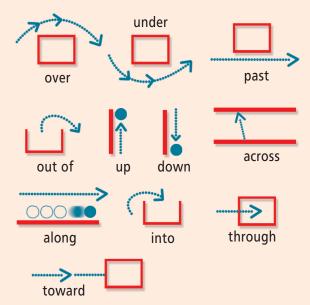
So next time you're channel surfing, make sure you catch an episode – you'll be glad you did! Check these words

popular, real-life, road crime, documentary, reality show, feature, video footage, handheld camera, focus on, catchy title, narrator, draw, viewer, voice-over, suspect, pedestrian, injured, U-turn, oncoming traffic, shocked, patrol car, speed, cut sb off, channel surf

### **Grammar** Prepositions of movement

4 a) Look at the sketches. Use them to describe what is happening in the pictures 1-8 in Ex. 1.

6



In picture 1 the suspect is driving his motorcycle along the sidewalk.

b) Linda wrote to her friend Kate to give her directions to her house.
 Choose the correct preposition.
 Q Listen and check.

When you get off the bus, walk 1) along/through Main Street 2) into/toward the clock tower. Go 3) past/out of some shops on your left and then turn right and go 4) through/along some big gates 5) along/into Stanley Park. Walk 6) into/across the grass and then walk 7) up/under the hill and 8) down/out of the other side. Go 9) into/over the bridge and you'll see a row of houses on the left. My house is number 222. Call me if you get lost!

### Speaking & Writing

5

THINK! Imagine you are in a police helicopter chasing someone who is driving over the speed limit. Describe what is happening. Use prepositions of movement. In three minutes write a few sentences. Tell the class.

# Place



Read the first two sentences in the e-mails. What are a) they about? Which type of house does each girl live in?  $\bigcirc$  Listen and read to find out.

### Dear Debbie,

2

I moved into a new house last week and I couldn't wait to tell you about it. The house is in one of the most beautiful places you can imagine. My parents call it 'our little paradise'. It's a single-story house with a front and back yard. From the front we have a view of the sea and behind the house there is a forest. It is much nicer than the apartment buildings in town and my bedroom is much bigger than my old one. I hope you can come and visit me one day. Write back soon and tell me about your house.

lasmine

#### Dear Jasmine,

I was glad to hear that you like your new home. It sounds much better than your old apartment. As for me, I live in a townhouse downtown. Our house is larger than most townhouses; in fact we have three stories. From our house you can see skyscrapers so the view is not as beautiful as it is from your house. I'm also pretty sure that it is noisier than where you live. We are very lucky though, because my parents also own a small cottage near the sea where we go on vacation. I think it would be a great idea for you to come with us next

time. What do you think? Debbie

### Check these words

imagine, front yard, view, forest, downtown, story, skyscraper, pretty sure, lucky, own

- b) Read the e-mails again and answer the questions.
- 1 Why do Jasmine's parents call the house 'our little paradise'?

.....

.....

- **2** What type of house is it?
- 3 Where did Jasmine use to live?
- ..... 4 What type of house does Debbie live in?
- .....
- 5 What is the view from Debbie's house?
- 6 Where does Debbie stay when she's on vacation?

Vocabulary Types of US housing

Match the words to the pictures.

cottage

duplex

house

you live in?

villa

townhouse

penthouse

 $\bigcirc$  Listen and check. Which

types of housing are there in

your country? Which one do

apartment building

single-story house



**THINK!** Which of the two girls' houses would you prefer to live in? Why? In three minutes write a few sentences. Tell the class.

3

### **Grammar** Comparative & Superlative

4 Read the table. What are the spelling rules? Find examples in the texts.

ADJECTIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
small	small <b>er</b> (than)	the small <b>est</b>
big	big <b>ger</b> (than)	the bigg <b>est</b>
heavy	heav <b>ier</b>	the heav <b>iest</b>
beautiful	more beautiful	the <b>most</b>
	(than)	beautiful
good	better	the best
bad	worse	the worst
much/many	more	the most
	small big heavy beautiful good bad	big heavybigger (than) heavierbeautiful beautiful goodmore beautiful (than)good badbetter worse

We use the **comparative form** to compare two people, things, places, etc. We use the **superlative form** to compare more than two people, things, places, etc. from the same group.

**Note:** We use **as** ... **as** to show that two things are the same. *Rio de Janeiro isn't* **as** *big* **as** *São Paulo.* 

very + adjective: Canada is very big.

much + comparative: Mexico City is much
bigger than Puebla.

### 5 Write full sentences, as in the example.

### Mexican Housing

1 Anna's new Mission-style home/big/her old casita

Anna's new Mission-style home is bigger than her old casita.

- 2 an apartment building/tall/a hacienda
- 3 downtown/noisy/the suburbs
- 4 a cottage/small/a Spanish villa
- 5 houses/expensive/apartments
- 6 modern adobe houses/traditional/condos
- 7 Mission-style homes/beautiful/apartments

### 6 Make comparisons, as in the example.

- 1 Monterrey/Guadalajara/Mexico City (crowded) A: Monterrey is very crowded.
  - B: Yes, but Guadalajara is **much more crowded than** Monterrey.
  - A: Mexico City is **the most crowded** of the three.
- 2 the Kalahari Desert/the Gobi Desert/the Sahara Desert (large)
- 3 Lake Como/Caspian Sea/Lake Baikal (deep)
- 4 Sacramento/Las Vegas/Yuma (sunny)
- 7 Put the adjectives in parentheses in the correct form.

  - 2 Colombia is much ...... (wet) Brazil.
  - 3 Arica is ..... (dry) place on Earth.
  - 4 Los Angeles is as ..... (expensive) Chicago.

  - 6 There aren't as ...... (many) people in London as there are in New York City.

  - 8 Madagascar isn't as ...... (large) Greenland.

### Speaking

8 Use these adjectives to make sentences about houses/places in your country: big, cold, small, quiet, noisy, modern, cheap, comfortable, beautiful, cozy, exciting, clean, boring, expensive, crowded.

... is bigger than ... . ... is the biggest city in my country. ... is as ... as ... .

### Writing

9 Write an e-mail to your pen-pal about your home. Write about: what type it is, what you can see from it, where it is, what makes it special. Use the e-mails in Ex. 2 as models.

## Culture Corner Pacific Coast Highway 1

One of the best ways to see California is on a road trip. One of the most impressive is along the Pacific coast on Highway 1!



Ride up and down San Francisco's steep streets on a cable car. Don't miss a visit to see the most popular sight in the city, the Golden Gate Bridge.

STOP

Drive along the 'Big Sur' coastline with its spectacular cliffs and sandy beaches. Look out for the ancient Redwood trees, the oldest trees in the world. Some of them are up to 2,000 years old and they are as tall as skyscrapers!



Stop and see the elephant seals at Piedras Blancas. Their breeding season is from December to February. Then the females go to Alaska to give birth to their pups and return in the fall.

Δ

5

.....

. . . . . .

. . . . . .

.....

STOF

STOP

Piedras Blancas

San Francisco

PRCHICOCEA

Last stop – Hearst Castle! This fairytale mansion has 165 rooms including 56 bedrooms and 61 bathrooms. There's also a movie theater,

two swimming pools and beautiful gardens. You can even see zebras there.



Hearst Castle

- Look at the map and the pictures. What can someone see along Pacific Coast Highway 1? Listen, read and check.
- 2 Read again and write *T* (true), *F* (false) or *DS* (doesn't say).
- 1 Cable cars are the most popular sight in San Francisco.
- 2 There are skyscrapers along the Big Sur coastline.
- **3** Elephant seal pups are born in Alaska.
- 4 There are wild animals at Hearst Castle.
- **5** Lots of tourists visit Hearst Castle.

**3** Fill in: spectacular, breeding, steep, sandy, fairytale, cable, and then use the phrases to make sentences about the places in the texts.

1	••••••	streets	5   4	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • •	beaches
2		ca	r 5		• • • • • • • • • • • •		season
3		cliffs	5 6		•••••	•••••	mansion

**THINK** Which do you think is the most interesting sight along Highway 1? Why? Tell your partner. Try to use words from the **Check these words** box.

Draw or find a map of your country. Write a few sentences about a journey in your country that is interesting for tourists. You can write about: *the places you can visit, what is special about each place*.

Check these words.....

road trip, impressive, coast, steep, cable car, miss, sight, spectacular, cliff, sandy beach, skyscraper, elephant seal, breeding season, fairytale mansion, zebra

**Big Sur** 

# Everyday English d

5 train

### **Buying a ticket**

1 plane

 a) Q Listen and say. Which means of transportation do you think are: the cheapest? the most expensive? the slowest? the fastest? the most comfortable? the safest?

3 subway

ferry

b) How do you prefer to travel? Why? Tell the class. Note:

I prefer to travel by ... because it's ... (cheap, the fastest etc.)

**2** a)  $\bigcirc$  Listen and say.

Can I help you?

I'd like two tickets to Redwood National Park for tomorrow morning, please. One-way or round-trip? What time would you like to leave? That's \$24, please. Here you are. Here are your tickets. Have a nice day.

- b)  $\bigcirc$  Listen and read to answer the questions.
- 1 Where does Dan want to go?
- 2 What time does he want to leave?
- 3 How much does the ticket cost?

Ticket seller: Hello. Can I help you?
Dan: I'd like two tickets to Redwood National Park, please.
Ticket seller: One-way or round-trip? Dan: Round-trip, please.
Ticket seller: What time would you like to leave? Dan: We'd like to take the 11am bus.
Ticket seller: OK. That's \$24, please. Dan: Here you are.
Ticket seller: Thank you. Here are your tickets. Have a nice day.
Dan: Thanks, you too. **3** Find sentences in the dialogue which mean: – What would you like? – When do you want to go? – Here's the money. – Enjoy yourselves.

### **Pronunciation:** /s/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, /tʃ/

### 

	/s/	/ʃ/		/ <b>d</b> ʒ/	/ <b>t</b> ʃ/
short			jump		
single			cheap		
city			large		
shop			check		

### Speaking

8 motorcycle

5 You are in Buenos Aires and you want to go on a day trip to Colonia, Uruguay by ferry. Your partner is the ticket seller. Act out your dialogue. Use the sentences in Ex. 2a. Follow the plan.

A B
Ask how you can help. Say how many tickets
Ask if customer wants / you'd like & where to.
one-way or round-trip. ————————————————————————————————————
Ask what time customer
wants to leave.
Say cost.
Thank customer & 🔶 Reply.
wish them a good day.
one-way or round-trip. Say what you want. Ask what time customer Say what time. wants to leave. Say cost. Offer money. Thank customer & Reply.

6 bike

9 taxi



**Vocabulary** Dangers in the countryside

↓ Listen and say. What are these phrases in your language?



Check these words

survive, swamp, escape, get into trouble, swallow, fall into, panic, pull in, lie flat, crawl out, mosquito, scorpion, poisonous, fatal, insect repellent, ground, shake, cliff, hide, bubble, reptile, run away

### The Florida Everglades: SURVIVING THE SWAAP

The Florida Everglades is one of the USA's largest and most beautiful national parks and a great place to escape from the city. But every year, around 60 visitors get into trouble in its 4,000 square miles of swamps! So what are the dangers and what must you do to survive your trip there?

**Mud bogs** The Everglades are full of dangerous mud bogs. They can swallow a car or a person in a few minutes. If you fall into one, you shouldn't panic! Moving a lot only pulls you in deeper! Pull each leg out slowly, then lie flat and crawl out carefully.

**Bugs and bites** There are hundreds of mosquitoes, scorpions, and poisonous spiders and snakes in the Everglades swamps. Their bites and stings can be very dangerous and sometimes fatal. Always look where you walk, wear long pants, strong boots, and lots of insect repellent.

**Flash floods** It can rain a lot in the Everglades and flash floods are a real danger. A flash flood is a wall of water that can travel at 60 mph. Is the ground shaking? Can you hear a strange noise like an airplane engine? Climb up a cliff or a tree. You have to get to the highest place you can and quickly!

Alligators More than a million alligators live in the swamps and they hide without moving. So how can you see where they are? Well, bubbles on the water can be an alligator getting ready for lunch! These reptiles can run up to 30 mph. They can't turn quickly, though, so if you see an alligator, you must run away as fast as you can.

### **Reading & Speaking**

- 2 a) Look at the title of the text, the introduction, and the headings. How can this place be dangerous? How can a visitor survive the dangers?
  - $\bigcirc$  Listen and read to find out.



### b) Read again and complete the sentences.

1	The Everglades is one of the USA's
2	To get out of a mud bog you
3	Bites from mosquitoes can be
4	To keep mosquitoes away you need to
÷.,	

- 7 When alligators hide they don't ......
- 8 It's not easy for alligators to ......

### Study skills

### **Guessing meaning**

Try to work out the meaning of a new word by looking at the words around it.

3 a) STY to work out the meaning of the highlighted words in the text from their context. What part of speech is each?

### escape (v) = get away

- b) Fill in: shaking, swallow, fatal, escape, reptiles, poisonous.
- 1 If you want to ..... from the pressures of the big city, then go to the Florida Everglades.
- **3** Suddenly, the ground started ...... It was an earthquake.
- 4 Alligators and snakes are .....
- 5 People say that the bog can ..... everything.
- 4 **THINK!**  $\bigcirc$  Listen to the sounds. Imagine you are lost in the Everglades and you are in trouble. What is happening? What can you see and hear? How do you feel? In three minutes write a few sentences. Tell your partner or the class. Try to use words from the Check these words box.

### Grammar

### Can – Can't – Could – (don't) have to – Must – Must not

5 Read the examples. Then rewrite the sentences using the correct modal verb.

You can/can't camp here. (It's allowed./It isn't allowed.) Snakes can be very dangerous. (It's possible.) Alligators can run very fast. (They are able to.) Sam can't swim very well. (He isn't able to.) Can/Could I borrow your boots? (Is it OK? Asking for permission – informal/formal) You must keep off the grass. (It's the rule.) You must not feed the alligators. (It isn't allowed. It's forbidden.) You have to be careful. (It's necessary.) You don't have to travel by ferry. (It isn't necessary.)

- 1 It's forbidden to swim in the lake. You can't/must not swim in the lake.
- 2 Is it OK to use your insect repellent?
- **3** It's possible to see alligators there.
- 4 It's allowed to put up our tent here.
- **5** Alligators aren't able to move fast in circles.
- 6 It's possible that you will get lost there.

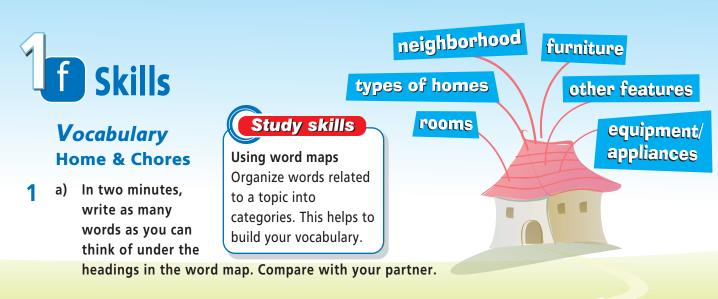
### 6 Choose the correct modal verb.

### PARK RULES

- 1 You must/can drive slowly through the park.
- 2 You **must not/can't** litter. Take your garbage with you!
- **3** You **can/have to** keep your dog on a leash.
- 4 You can/can't fish everywhere only in certain areas.
- 5 You must not/don't have to feed the animals. It's forbidden.

### Writing

7 IT In groups, collect information about how to be safe in the jungle. Write a list of survival tips. Use can/can't/have to/must/ must not. You can do Internet research using the key words: jungle survival tips. Read your tips to the class.



b) Use the words to describe your home to your partner.

I live in a .... There are ... rooms. It has a kitchen, a .... In the ..., there is/are .... My neighborhood is ....

### I have to wash the dishes, but I don't have to ....



### Listening

You'll hear Tim and Sarah talking about their homes and home life.
 ↓ Listen and check (✓) *True* or *False*.

True False

- 1 Tim doesn't live alone.
- 2 His favorite room is his bedroom.
- **3** He has to do all the chores.
- 4 Sarah lives in a noisy neighborhood.
- 5 Her home has three rooms upstairs.
- 6 She doesn't do any chores.

### **Speaking** Making requests in the home

4 You live in a dorm with your roommates. Use the language in the table and the chores in Ex. 2 to make requests, as in the examples.

Requesting	Replying
Can/Could you (please)?	Yes, of course.
Do you mind (+ -ing)?	Yes, that's fine.
Do you think you could?	Sure, no problem!
	l'm afraid I can't. I
	I'm sorry, but
	I'd like to, but

- A: Could you please take out the garbage?
- B: Sure, no problem!
- A: Do you mind setting the table?
- B: I can't. I have to mop the floor/finish my essay, etc.



### An informal e-mail of advice

1 Read the extract from Jenny's e-mail. What problem does she have? What advice would you give her?

My house is OK, but I'm having some problems with my roommates. The house is very dirty and untidy and I have to do all the chores! I can't invite my friends over because I feel embarrassed. What can I do?

Jenny

### a) Now read Anna's reply. What is her advice?

### To: Jenny From: Anna

Subject: Your problem

Hi Jenny,

I'm sorry to hear that you're having problems with your roommates. I think I can help you!

The best thing you can do is to talk about this with your roommates. This way, you can explain how you feel and make them realize that you can't do all the chores yourself, as this is their house, too. Maybe they don't know that you're upset. I think you should make a list of all the chores and together decide how to share them. Then everyone has responsibilities and they know what to do.

I really hope my advice helps! Write back and tell me what happens.

Anna

### b) Match the paragraphs to the headings.

Α	
R	

C

greeting & opening comments

- B closing comments
  - advice & expected results

### Should

3 a) Read the examples. Find another example in Anna's e-mail.

We use **should/shouldn't** to give advice. We **should** share the household chores. (It's a good idea.) You **shouldn't** walk alone at night. (It isn't a good idea.) b) Fill in the blanks with should or shouldn't.

- 1 Jenny ..... talk to her roommates.
- 2 She ..... do all the chores herself!
- **3** They ..... make a list of chores.
- 4 She ..... be that upset.
  - c) Which of the phrases in the list: give advice? express expected results? Use them to replace the phrases in bold in Anna's e-mail.
    - Why don't you If you do this,
    - It's a good idea Then you can
- 4 Read the extract from an e-mail below. Then match the advice to the results. What is your advice? What can the expected results be?

My roommates are so noisy! They invite their friends over and play loud music when I'm trying to study or sleep. It's awful! Any advice? Matt

### Advice 1 Talk to your roommates & explain how you feel. 2 Decide on a house

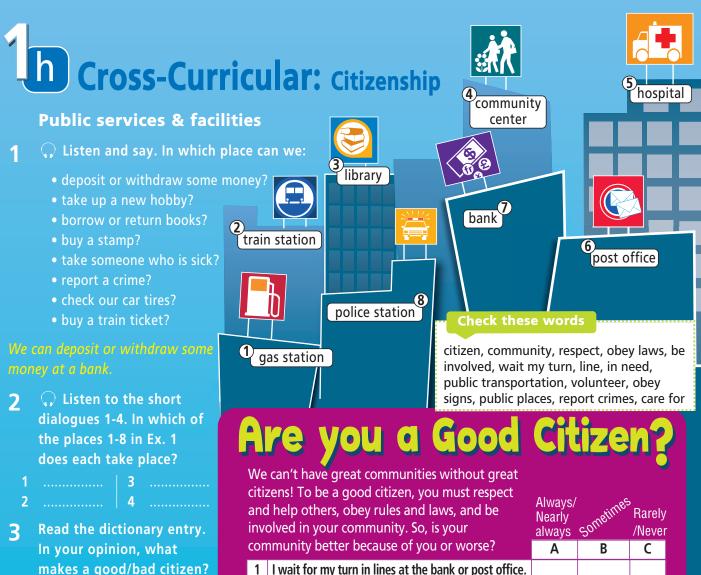
- Results a You know you can
- always study & sleep after this time.
- Decide on a house rule like 'no noise after 9 pm'.
- b If they realize there is a problem, they can try to be quieter.

### **Writing** (an informal e-mail of advice)

**5** Use any of the ideas in Ex. 4 to write an e-mail to Matt giving your advice (80-100 words). Follow the plan and use the e-mail in Ex. 2 as a model.

### Plan

Ні	,
Para 1:	opening remarks
	I'm sorry to hear I think I can help you
Para 2:	advice & expected results
	Why don't you? This way,
	You should also Then,
Para 3:	closing remarks
	I really hope Write back and tell me
	•••••
	Para 1: Para 2:



makes a good/bad citizen? Do you think you are a good citizen? Do the quiz to find out.

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

citizen /ˈsɪtəzən/ (n) person who lives in a particular city or town

> e.g. I don't drop litter in the streets! Mostly A: You're the perfect citizen! Keep it up!

citizens on public transportation.

community center or kids' club.

e.g. festivals, sports events.

I obey the law and report crimes.

6 I follow rules and obey signs in public places.

I take part in community activities & events

I care for the environment in my community

**Mostly B:** Not bad, but think about how you can become a better citizen. **Mostly C:** Oh no! You need to think about other people more!

I return my library books and pay my bills on time.

I am polite to staff in stores, banks, libraries etc.

I help people in need e.g. I give my seat to senior

I volunteer my time to help others e.g. helping at a

4 IT Imagine you are giving a three-minute speech about being a good citizen at a community center. Collect more information and make notes under the headings:

- why it's important to be a good citizen
  - ways to be a good citizen

You can do Internet research using the key phrase: *good citizens*. Give your presentation to the class.

# Language Review

### Fill in: wash, mop, dust, make, take out, vacuum, set, iron.

	the floor		
2	the clothes	6	
3	the bed		the dis
4	the	7	
	c		

- the garbage hes ..... the table
- 8 ..... the carpets furniture
- Choose the correct words.

Most road accidents happen when people are crossing the 1) city/street and are due to 2) street crime/bad driving. We should always use a 3) crosswalk/tunnel or cross at the 4) road signs/traffic lights for safety. Don't step off the 5) sidewalk/road unless you're sure it's safe. If you're riding your bicycle, stay in the 6) bus/bike lane and take extra care.

#### Match the words 1-7 to the sentences A-G. 3

1	

2

3

4

5

2

- A You can borrow books there.
- community

police

station

- coast pedestrian
- **B** An area of very wet land.
- **C** This is where the sea meets the land.
- **D** People can meet and do things together here.
  - E A very tall building.
- F Someone walking in a city/town.
- G You report crimes here.

### Choose the correct prepositions.

- 1 Highway 1 runs through/along the coast.
- 2 Be careful! Don't fall down/out of the steps.
- 3 Keep walking into/towards me!
- 4 Never run over/across the road. Always walk.
- 5 Ben always goes to work by/on foot.
- 6 You can get stuck to/in mud in the Everglades.
- 7 Cars go under the river **past/through** the tunnel.
- 8 I prefer to travel around the city by/on bus.
- 9 There is a very comfortable couch in/to our living room.
- **10** Are you taking part **in/of** the soccer tournament this weekend?

#### Fill in: insect, gas, get into, road, real-life, 5 snake, sandy, video, be, community.

- **1** ..... trip **2** ..... videos 3 ..... bite **4** ..... station **5** ..... trouble ..... footage 6 7
- 8 ..... repellent
- 9 ..... beaches
- 10 ..... center
- ..... shocked

In teams, make sentences. Use words/phrases from the list below. Each correct sentence gets one point. The team with the most points wins.

- focus on
   catchy
   pedestrians
- oncoming traffic patrol car road trip
- breeding season
   popular sight
   survive
- escape from get into trouble fatal
- ground shaking run away mop chores
- public services
   obey rules
   report crimes
- Read through Module 1 and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Now write a quiz of your own. Give it to your partner. Check his/her answers.

.....|

.....

. . . . . .

.....

- Alligators can't run very fast. 1
- 2 Hearst Castle has 56 bedrooms.
- **3** Flash floods can travel up to 80 mph. ..... **4** The Golden Gate Bridge is in
- Australia.
- **5** Death Valley is a very hot place.
- 6 The Florida Everglades area has 4,000 mi<sup>2</sup> of swamps. . . . . . .
- 7 Alligators are reptiles.
- 8 You can see elephant seals in San Francisco.

. . . . . .

center skyscraper swamp library

6 7

# Revision

- **Fill in**: poisonous, hand-held, breeding, signs, focus, patrol, cuts, fall into, fatal, borrow.
- 1 Always obey the road .....
- 2 You mustn't panic if you .....a mud bog!
- 3 Do you ever ..... books from the library?
- 4 Some documentaries use video footage from ...... cameras.
- 5 My dad hates it when another driver ...... him off.
- **6** December to February is ..... season for elephant seals. They give birth to a single pup.
- 7 Try to ..... on what he is talking about.
- 8 The ..... car was chasing the suspect through the streets.
- **9** Scorpion stings can be ....., so you should be very careful.
- 10 There are lots of ...... spiders and snakes in a jungle. Their bites can be very dangerous.
  10x2=20 marks

### **2** Choose the correct word.

- 1 I can't/don't have to work tonight. Let's go to the movies.
- 2 He must not/doesn't have to drive a car. He doesn't have a license.
- **3** Cars **should/must** stop when the traffic lights are red.
- 4 Could/Should you answer the phone, please?
- 5 You can't/shouldn't go into a forest without insect repellent.
  5x2=10 marks

# **3** Complete the sentences with the correct *comparative* or *superlative* form of the adjectives in parentheses.

- 2 ..... (good) way to see San Francisco is on a cable car.
- **3** John thinks riding a bike is ...... (exciting) driving a car.
- 4 What's ..... (busy) street in your town?
- 5 Big cities are usually ...... (dangerous) small towns.

5x2=10 marks

- 4 Fill in: Round-trip, please. Here you are. I'd like two tickets to Monterrey, please. – We'd like to take the 9:30 am bus.
  - 1 A: That's \$36, please.
    - B: .....
  - **2** A: What time would you like to leave?
    - B: .....
  - **3** A: Hello. Can I help you?
  - B: .....
  - 4 A: One-way or round-trip? B: .....

4x5=20 marks

5 Read the e-mail and mark the sentences *T* (true), *F* (false), or *DS* (doesn't say).

### 

### Dear Tina,

Sorry to hear about your noisy neighbors, but I think I can help! Why don't you talk to them? Then you can explain that you can't sleep because of their loud music and you have to get up early for work. Maybe they don't know the music is a problem. I think you should ask them not to play music loudly after 10 pm. This way you can get to sleep early!

Hope my advice helps. Write back and tell me what happens. Sam

- 1 Tina is having a problem with her roommates.
- 2 She can't sleep very well at the moment. ......
- 3 She has to be at work at 9 am.
- 4 Sam thinks the neighbors shouldn't play music after 10 pm.

**5** Sam has some noisy neighbors too.

5x4=20 marks

. . . . . . . .

. . . . . . . .

6 Your friend has a problem with his/her neighbors. Their dog barks outside all night. Write a short e-mail to your friend giving your advice (80-100 words). 20 marks

#### 20 1110185

### Total: 100 marks

### **Check your Progress**

• talk and write about city life and country life

- describe movement
- compare places
- buy a ticket
- talk and write about survival in the countryside \_\_
- make requests

write an informal e-mail giving advice



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